

Abstract

Administration of translated instruments raise much concern on its cross cultural applicability. New normative scores for the Chinese version of EPPS (Edwards Personal Preference Schedule, 1959) are obtained for local adolescent respondents in Hong Kong. Through comparison between delinquent sample and control college sample, the new norm was validated and is capable to classify the two samples on certain need variables. As a results, the EPPS is proved to be useful and valuable in identifying delinquents from normal adolescents population in Hong Kong.